

**PNP DISCRETE INPUT & PNP TRANSISTOR OUTPUT  
MODULE, 8 points each  
(Modbus 115.2kbps)****MODEL R7M-DAC16D****BEFORE USE ....**

Thank you for choosing us. Before use, please check contents of the package you received as outlined below.

If you have any problems or questions with the product, please contact our sales office or representatives.

**■ PACKAGE INCLUDES:**

Discrete I/O module .....(1)

**■ MODEL NO.**

Confirm Model No. marking on the product to be exactly what you ordered.

**■ INSTRUCTION MANUAL**

This manual describes necessary points of caution when you use this product, including installation, connection and basic maintenance procedures.

**POINTS OF CAUTION****■ CONFORMITY WITH EU DIRECTIVES**

- The equipment must be mounted inside the instrument panel of a metal enclosure.
- The actual installation environments such as panel configurations, connected devices, connected wires, may affect the protection level of this unit when it is integrated in a panel system. The user may have to review the CE requirements in regard to the whole system and employ additional protective measures to ensure the CE conformity.
- Install lightning surge protectors for those wires connected to remote locations.

**■ POWER INPUT RATING & OPERATIONAL RANGE**

- Locate the power input rating marked on the product and confirm its operational range as indicated below:  
24V DC rating: 24V  $\pm$ 10%, approx. 40mA

**■ GENERAL PRECAUTIONS**

- Before you remove the unit or mount it, turn off the power supply, input and output signal for safety.
- Before you remove the terminal block or mount it, turn off the power supply, input and output signal for safety.
- DO NOT set the switches on the module while the power is supplied. The switches are used only for maintenance without the power.

**■ ENVIRONMENT**

- Indoor use.
- When heavy dust or metal particles are present in the air, install the unit inside proper housing with sufficient ventilation.
- Do not install the unit where it is subjected to continuous vibration. Do not subject the unit to physical impact.
- Environmental temperature must be within -10 to +55°C (14 to 131°F) with relative humidity within 30 to 90% RH in order to ensure adequate life span and operation.
- Be sure to close the terminal cover for safety.

**■ WIRING**

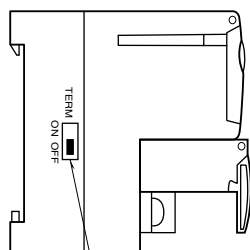
- Do not install cables close to noise sources (relay drive cable, high frequency line, etc.).
- Do not bind these cables together with those in which noises are present. Do not install them in the same duct.

**■ AND ....**

- The unit is designed to function as soon as power is supplied, however, a warm up for 10 minutes is required for satisfying complete performance described in the data sheet

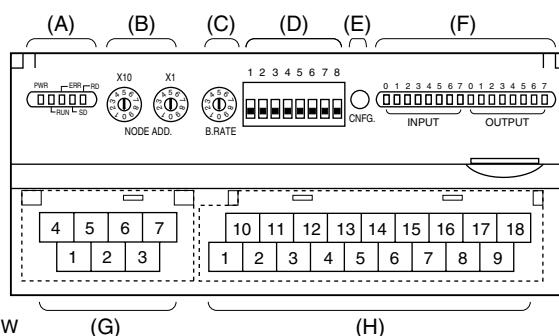
## COMPONENT IDENTIFICATION

### ■ SIDE VIEW



(I) Terminating Resistor SW

### ■ FRONT VIEW



- (A) Status Indicator LED
- (B) Node Address Setting Rotary SW
- (C) Baud Rate Setting Rotary SW
- (D) Operating Mode Setting DIP SW (SW1)
- (E) PC Configurator Jack
- (F) Discrete I/O Status Indicator LED
- (G) Modbus, Power Supply Terminals
- (H) I/O Terminals
- (I) Terminating Resistor SW

### ■ STATUS INDICATOR LED

| ID  | COLOR | FUNCTION   |
|-----|-------|--|
| PWR | Red   | Turns on when the internal 5V is supplied normally.  |
| RUN | Red   | Turns on when the refresh data is received normally. |
| ERR | Red   | Turns on when the received data is abnormal.         |
| SD  | Red   | Turns on when the module is transmitting.            |
| RD  | Red   | Turns on when the module is receiving.               |

### ■ DISCRETE I/O STATUS INDICATOR LED

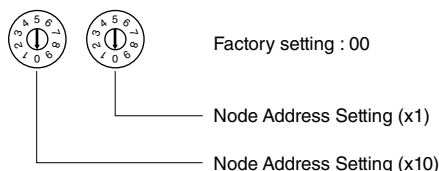
LED indicators show the signal status.

ON : LED ON

OFF : LED OFF

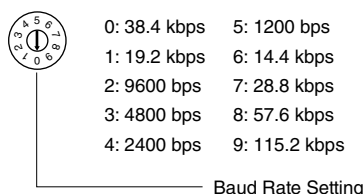
### ■ NODE ADDRESS

Node Address is selected between 1 and 99 in decimal. The left switch determines the tenth place digit, while the right switch does the ones place digit of the address.



### ■ BAUD RATE

Baud Rate is selected with the rotary switch.  
(Factory setting: 0)



Baud Rate Setting

### ■ OPERATING MODE

(\*) Factory setting

#### • Extension (SW1-1, 1-2)

| SW1-1 | SW1-2 | EXTENSION                      |
|-------|-------|--------------------------------|
| OFF   | OFF   | No extension (*)               |
| ON    | OFF   | Discrete input 8 or 16 points  |
| OFF   | ON    | Discrete output 8 or 16 points |

#### • Output of the extension module at the loss of communication

Select “Output Clear (OFF)” or “Output Hold (factory default setting)” using the Configurator Software (model: R7CON).

#### • Output of the extension module when the communication is restored

“Output Clear”: The output is reset to off when the communication is restored. However, if a query instructs ON or OFF about output of the extension module when the communication is restored, the instructed content is output.

“Output Hold”: The output at the moment of communication loss is held.

#### • Output Operation Mode (SW1-3)

| SW1-3 | OUTPUT OPERATION MODE |
|-------|-----------------------|
| OFF   | Disable (*)           |
| ON    | Enable                |

Output switching mode can be independently selected by 2 outputs with PC Configuration software. An example of setting is given below.

- Output 0: Maintained output
- Output 1: Maintained output
- Output 2: Momentary output
- Output 3: Momentary output
- Output 4: Momentary output
- Output 5: Momentary output
- Output 6: Maintained output
- Output 7: Maintained output

#### • Output at the Loss of Communication (SW1-4)

| SW1-4 | OUTPUT AT THE LOSS OF COMMUNICATION                                |
|-------|--|
| OFF   | Reset the output (turned off)                                      |
| ON    | Hold the output (*)<br>(maintains the last data received normally) |

### • Output Switching Mode (SW1-5)

| SW1-5 | OUTPUT SWITCHING MODE      |
|-------|----------------------------|
| OFF   | Maintained Output Mode (*) |
| ON    | Momentary Output Mode      |

SW1-5 setting is disregarded when SW1-3 is set to ON.

### • Output ON Time (SW1-6, 1-7, 1-8)

| SW1-6 | SW1-7 | SW1-8 | OUTPUT ON TIME |
|-------|-------|-------|----------------|
| OFF   | OFF   | OFF   | 100 ms (*)     |
| ON    | OFF   | OFF   | 200 ms         |
| OFF   | ON    | OFF   | 300 ms         |
| ON    | ON    | OFF   | 500 ms         |
| OFF   | OFF   | ON    | 1 s            |
| ON    | OFF   | ON    | 2 s            |
| OFF   | ON    | ON    | 5 s            |
| ON    | ON    | ON    | 10 s           |

### ■ POWER SUPPLY, MODBUS TERMINAL ASSIGNMENT

|         |          |           |         |
|---------|----------|-----------|---------|
| 4<br>DA | 5<br>DG  | 6<br>+24V | 7<br>0V |
| 1<br>DB | 2<br>SLD | 3<br>FG   |         |

- (1) DB      –  
 (2) SLD    Shield  
 (3) FG      FG  
 (4) DA      –  
 (5) DG      –  
 (6) +24V   Power input (24V DC)  
 (7) 0V      Power input (0V)

### ■ I/O TERMINAL ASSIGNMENT

|          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| 10<br>C+ | 11<br>X1 | 12<br>X3 | 13<br>X5 | 14<br>X7 | 15<br>Y1 | 16<br>Y3 | 17<br>Y5 | 18<br>Y7 |
| 1<br>C–  | 2<br>X0  | 3<br>X2  | 4<br>X4  | 5<br>X6  | 6<br>Y0  | 7<br>Y2  | 8<br>Y4  | 9<br>Y6  |

| NO. | ID | FUNCTION | NO. | ID | FUNCTION |
|-----|----|----------|-----|----|----------|
| 1   | C– | Common–  | 10  | C+ | Common+  |
| 2   | X0 | Input 0  | 11  | X1 | Input 1  |
| 3   | X2 | Input 2  | 12  | X3 | Input 3  |
| 4   | X4 | Input 4  | 13  | X5 | Input 5  |
| 5   | X6 | Input 6  | 14  | X7 | Input 7  |
| 6   | Y0 | Output 0 | 15  | Y1 | Output 1 |
| 7   | Y2 | Output 2 | 16  | Y3 | Output 3 |
| 8   | Y4 | Output 4 | 17  | Y5 | Output 5 |
| 9   | Y6 | Output 6 | 18  | Y7 | Output 7 |

### ■ TERMINATING RESISTOR

To use the terminating resistor, turn the switch ON, and OFF to invalidate.

(Factory setting: OFF)

### ■ EXTENSION MODULE

Combinations with all extension modules are available.

## PC CONFIGURATOR

With configurator software, settings shown below are available.

Refer to the software manual of R7CON for detailed operation.

### ■ INTERFACE MODULE SETTING

| PARAMETER             | AVAILABLE RANGE     | DEFAULT SETTING |
|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| Communication Timeout | 0.0 – 3276.7 (sec.) | 1.0 (sec.)      |
| Data Mode             | RTU / ASCII         | RTU             |
| Parity                | NONE / ODD / EVEN   | NONE            |

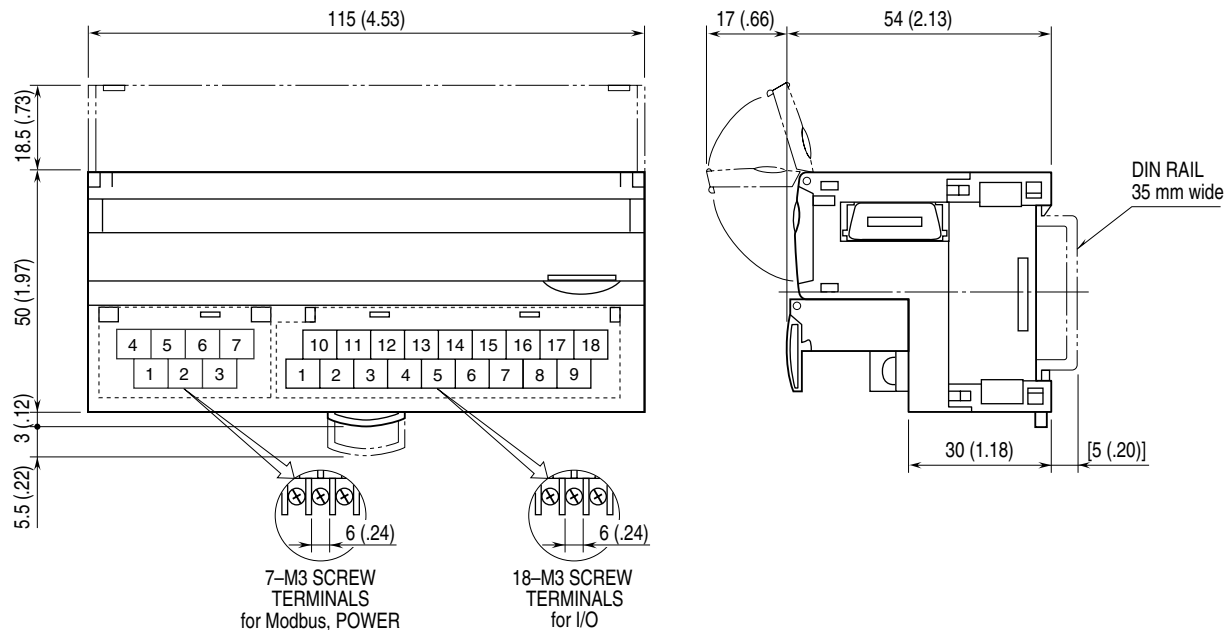
### ■ CHANNEL INDIVIDUAL SETTING

| PARAMETER             | AVAILABLE RANGE        | DEFAULT SETTING |
|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------|
| Output Operation Mode | Maintained / Momentary | ----            |

## TERMINAL CONNECTIONS

Connect the unit as in the diagram below.

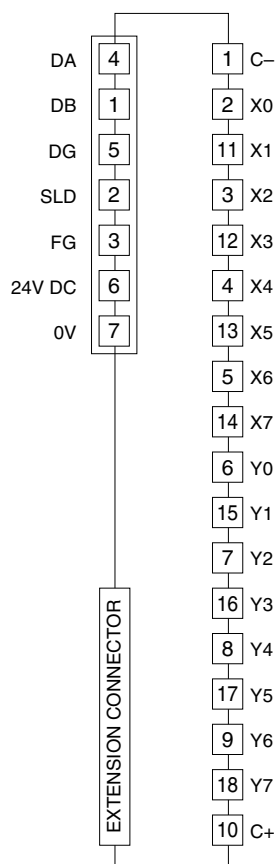
### EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS unit: mm (inch)



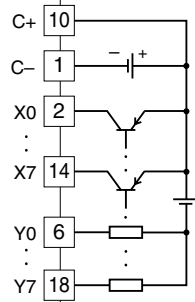
### CONNECTION DIAGRAM

Note: In order to improve EMC performance, bond the FG terminal to ground.

Caution: FG terminal is NOT a protective conductor terminal.

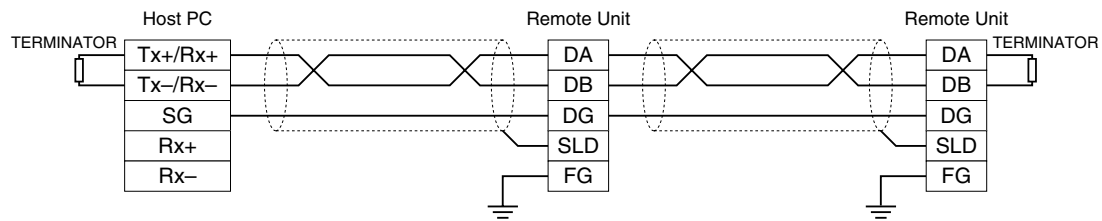


### I/O Connection Examples



## COMMUNICATION CABLE CONNECTIONS

### ■ MASTER CONNECTION

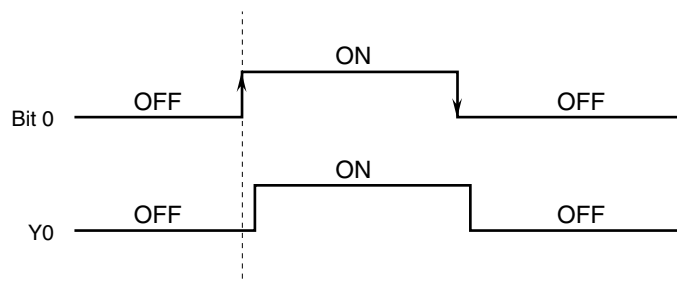


Be sure to connect the terminating resistor included in the product package to the unit at both ends of transmission line.  
The terminator must be connected across DA and DB.  
The Host PC can be located other than at the extreme ends of transmission line.

## EXAMPLE OF OPERATION MODES

### ■ MAINTAINED OUTPUT MODE

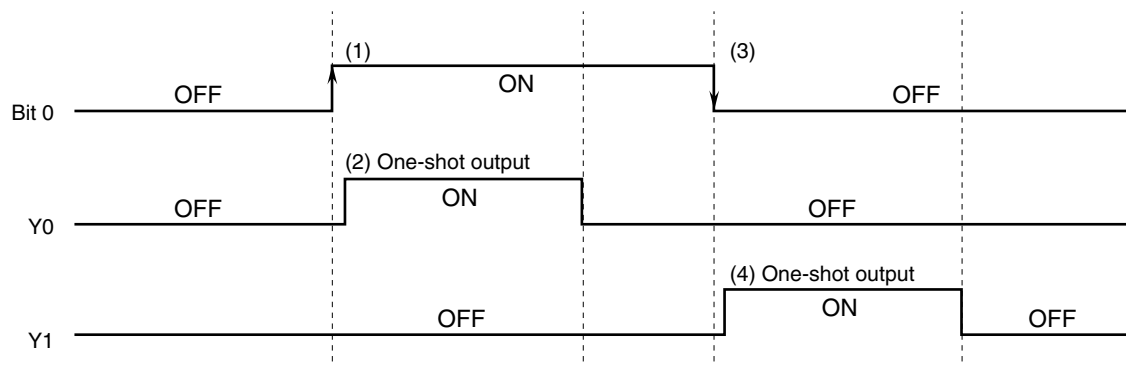
Example of Y0 is shown below.



### ■ MOMENTARY OUTPUT MODE

Y0 and Y1, Y2 and Y3, Y4 and Y5, Y6 and Y7 are respectively combined to realize momentary switching with one-shot output. Bit 0, 2, 4, 6 are used to control each set of outputs, while Bit 1, 3, 5, 7 are unused. An example of Bit 0 controlling Y0 and Y1 outputs sequentially is shown below.

- 1) Output data Bit 0 is turned from 0 to 1.
- 2) Following the rising edge of Bit 0, Y0 one-shot output turns ON for a fixed period of time (SW1 time setting).
- 3) Bit 0 is turned from 1 to 0.
- 4) Following the sinking edge of Bit 0, Y1 one-shot output turns ON for a fixed period of time (SW1 time setting).



Note: If Bit 0 receives multiple data during the one-shot output time period, the Y0 provides only the last output data received within approx. 25 milliseconds after the period.

## I/O DATA DESCRIPTIONS

### ■ INPUT

| BIT | INPUT | DATA | STATE  |
|-----|-------|------|--------|
| 0   | X0    | 0    | OFF    |
|     |       | 1    | ON     |
| 1   | X1    | 0    | OFF    |
|     |       | 1    | ON     |
| 2   | X2    | 0    | OFF    |
|     |       | 1    | ON     |
| 3   | X3    | 0    | OFF    |
|     |       | 1    | ON     |
| 4   | X4    | 0    | OFF    |
|     |       | 1    | ON     |
| 5   | X5    | 0    | OFF    |
|     |       | 1    | ON     |
| 6   | X6    | 0    | OFF    |
|     |       | 1    | ON     |
| 7   | X7    | 0    | OFF    |
|     |       | 1    | ON     |
| 8   | ----  | ---- | Unused |
| 9   | ----  | ---- | Unused |
| 10  | ----  | ---- | Unused |
| 11  | ----  | ---- | Unused |
| 12  | ----  | ---- | Unused |
| 13  | ----  | ---- | Unused |
| 14  | ----  | ---- | Unused |
| 15  | ----  | ---- | Unused |

### ■ OUTPUT

#### • Maintained Output Mode

| BIT | OUTPUT | DATA | STATE  |
|-----|--------|------|--------|
| 0   | Y0     | 0    | OFF    |
|     |        | 1    | ON     |
| 1   | Y1     | 0    | OFF    |
|     |        | 1    | ON     |
| 2   | Y2     | 0    | OFF    |
|     |        | 1    | ON     |
| 3   | Y3     | 0    | OFF    |
|     |        | 1    | ON     |
| 4   | Y4     | 0    | OFF    |
|     |        | 1    | ON     |
| 5   | Y5     | 0    | OFF    |
|     |        | 1    | ON     |
| 6   | Y6     | 0    | OFF    |
|     |        | 1    | ON     |
| 7   | Y7     | 0    | OFF    |
|     |        | 1    | ON     |
| 8   | ----   | ---- | Unused |
| 9   | ----   | ---- | Unused |
| 10  | ----   | ---- | Unused |
| 11  | ----   | ---- | Unused |
| 12  | ----   | ---- | Unused |
| 13  | ----   | ---- | Unused |
| 14  | ----   | ---- | Unused |
| 15  | ----   | ---- | Unused |

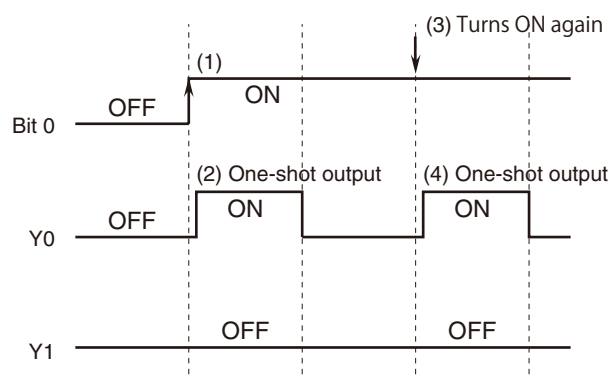
#### • Momentary Output Mode

| BIT | OUTPUT | DATA | STATE           |
|-----|--------|------|-----------------|
| 0   | Y0     | 1    | One-shot output |
|     | Y1     | 0    | One-shot output |
| 1   | ----   | ---- | Unused          |
| 2   | Y2     | 1    | One-shot output |
|     | Y3     | 0    | One-shot output |
| 3   | ----   | ---- | Unused          |
| 4   | Y4     | 1    | One-shot output |
|     | Y5     | 0    | One-shot output |
| 5   | ----   | ---- | Unused          |
| 6   | Y6     | 1    | One-shot output |
|     | Y7     | 0    | One-shot output |
| 7   | ----   | ---- | Unused          |
| 8   | ----   | ---- | Unused          |
| 9   | ----   | ---- | Unused          |
| 10  | ----   | ---- | Unused          |
| 11  | ----   | ---- | Unused          |
| 12  | ----   | ---- | Unused          |
| 13  | ----   | ---- | Unused          |
| 14  | ----   | ---- | Unused          |
| 15  | ----   | ---- | Unused          |

Note: In Momentary Output Mode, one-shot output is operated also when the output data bit is set from 1 to 1.

#### [EXAMPLE]

- 1) Output data Bit 0 is turned from 0 to 1.
- 2) Following the rising edge of Bit 0, Y0 one-shot output turns ON for a fixed period of time (SW1 time setting).
- 3) Bit 0 is turned from 1 to 1.
- 4) Following the sinking edge of Bit 0, Y0 one-shot output turns ON for a fixed period of time (SW1 time setting).



## MODBUS FUNCTION CODES & SUPPORTED CODES

### ■ Data and Control Functions

| CODE | NAME                      |   |
|------|---------------------------|---|
| 01   | Read Coil Status          | Digital output from the slave (read/write)                                  |
| 02   | Read Input Status         | Status of digital inputs to the slave (read only)                           |
| 03   | Read Holding Registers    | General purpose register within the slave (read/write)                      |
| 04   | Read Input Registers      | Collected data from the field by the slave (read only)                      |
| 05   | Force Single Coil         | Digital output from the slave (read/write)                                  |
| 06   | Preset Single Register    | General purpose register within the slave (read/write)                      |
| 08   | Diagnostics               |   |
| 11   | Fetch Comm. Event Counter | Fetch a status word and an event counter                                    |
| 12   | Fetch Comm. Event Log     | A status word, an event counter, a message count and a field of event bytes |
| 15   | Force Multiple Coils      | Digital output from the slave (read/write)                                  |
| 16   | Preset Multiple Registers | General purpose register within the slave (read/write)                      |
| 17   | Report Slave ID           | Slave type/ 'RUN' status  |

### ■ Exception Codes

| CODE | NAME                 |  |
|------|----------------------|--|
| 01   | Illegal Function     | Function code is not allowable for the slave |
| 02   | Illegal Data Address | Address is not available within the slave    |
| 03   | Illegal Data Value   | Data is not valid for the function           |

### ■ Diagnostic Subfunctions

| CODE | NAME              |                |
|------|-------------------|----------------|
| 00   | Return Query Data | Loop back test |

## MODBUS I/O ASSIGNMENT

|                        | ADDRESS | DATA TYPE | DATA   |
|------------------------|---------|-----------|--|
| Coil (0X)              | 1 – 16  |           | Digital Output (discrete output of the basic module)     |
|                        | 17 – 32 |           | Digital Output (discrete output of the extension module) |
| Inputs (1X)            | 1 – 16  |           | Digital Input (discrete input of the basic module)       |
|                        | 17 – 32 |           | Digital Input (discrete input of the extension module)   |
|                        | 33 – 48 |           | Reserved (unused)  |
|                        | 49 – 64 |           | Module Status  |
|                        | 65 – 80 |           | Reserved (unused)  |
| Input Registers (3X)   | 1 – 4   | I         | Analog Input   |
|                        | 5 – 16  | ----      | Reserved (unused)  |
|                        | 17 – 24 | F         | Analog Input   |
|                        | 25 – 48 | ----      | Reserved (unused)  |
| Holding Registers (4X) | 1 – 2   | I         | Analog Output  |
|                        | 3 – 16  | ----      | Reserved (unused)  |
|                        | 17 – 20 | F         | Analog Output  |
|                        | 21 – 48 | ----      | Reserved (unused)  |

I: Integer, -1500 – +11500 (-15 – +115%)

F: Floating

Note: DO NOT access addresses other than mentioned above. Such access may cause problems such as inadequate operation.

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## WIRING INSTRUCTIONS

### ■ SCREW TERMINAL

Torque: 0.5 N·m

### ■ SOLDERLESS TERMINAL

Refer to the drawing below for recommended ring tongue terminal size. Spade tongue type is also applicable.

Applicable wire size: 0.25 to 1.65 mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG 22 to 16)

Recommended manufacturer: Japan Solderless Terminal MFG. Co., Ltd, Nichifu Co., Ltd

