# MULTI POWER MONITORING UNIT (clamp-on current sensor CLSE, Modbus) 

## model R9MWTU

## BEFORE USE

Thank you for choosing us. Before use, please check contents of the package you received as outlined below.
If you have any problems or questions with the product, please contact our sales office or representatives.

## - PACKAGE INCLUDES

Multi power monitoring unit
Upper mounting adaptor

■MODEL NO.
Confirm Model No. marking on the product to be exactly what you ordered.

## INSTRUCTION MANUAL

This manual describes necessary points of caution when you use this product, including installation, connection and basic maintenance procedures.
This unit is programmable by using the PC Configurator Software. For detailed information on the PC configuration, refer to the PMCFG users manual. The PMCFG PC Configurator Software is downloadable at our web site.

## POINTS OF CAUTION

## ■ CONFORMITY WITH EU DIRECTIVES

- This equipment is suitable for Pollution Degree 2, Measurement Category II (input, transient voltage 4000V) and Installation Category II (transient voltage 2500V). Prior to installation, check that the insulation class of this unit satisfies the system requirements. Insulation class of this unit is as follows.

| Input to Modbus | Reinforced insulation (400V) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Input or Modbus to auxiliary <br> power | Reinforced insulation (300V) | power

- Altitude up to 2000 meters.
- The equipment must be mounted inside a panel.
- The equipment must be installed such that appropriate clearance and creepage distances are maintained to conform to CE requirements. Failure to observe these requirements may invalidate the CE conformance.
- The actual installation environments such as panel configurations, connected devices, connected wires, may affect the protection level of this unit when it is integrated in a panel system. The user may have to review the CE requirements in regard to the whole system and employ additional protective measures to ensure the CE conformity.
- Install lightning surge protectors for those wires connected to remote locations.


## AUXILIARY POWER INPUT RATING \& OPERATIONAL RANGE

- Locate the auxiliary power input rating marked on the product and confirm its operational range as indicated below:
$100-240 \mathrm{~V}$ AC rating: $85-264 \mathrm{~V}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz},<7 \mathrm{VA}$
$110-240 \mathrm{~V}$ DC rating: $99-264 \mathrm{~V},<1.2 \mathrm{~W}$


## GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

- Before you remove or mount the unit, turn off the power supply and input signal for safety.
- DO NOT set the switches on the module while the power is supplied. The switches are used only for maintenance without the power.


## ENVIRONMENT

- Indoor use.
- Do not install the unit where it is directly exposed to rain, water droplets or sunlight.
- When heavy dust or metal particles are present in the air, install the unit inside proper housing with sufficient ventilation.
- Do not install the unit where it is subjected to continuous vibration. Do not subject the unit to physical impact.
- Environmental temperature must be within -10 to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ( 14 to $131^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) with relative humidity within 30 to $90 \% \mathrm{RH}$ in order to ensure adequate life span and operation.


## WIRING

- Wiring to the unit must be conducted by qualified service personnel.
- Do not install cables close to noise sources (relay drive cable, high frequency line, etc.).
- Do not bind these cables together with those in which noises are present. Do not install them in the same duct.


## ■ AND ....

- The unit is designed to function as soon as power is supplied, however, a warm up for 10 minutes is required for satisfying complete performance described in the data sheet.


## COMPONENT IDENTIFICATION

## ■FRONT VIEW



■ STATUS INDICATOR LED

| ID | COLOR | STATE | FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SDCard | Red | Blinking approx. 1 Hz | The unit is preparing to write. <br> The LED starts blinking 30 seconds before the unit starts writing in the SD card on the hour every hour. <br> DO NOT extract the card while the LED shows the blinking pattern until the writing is complete. |
|  |  | $\frac{\Pi \square \square}{2 \text { sec. }}$ | SD card access error. <br> The unit is unable to normally write in the card because it is full or its data contents are damaged. |
|  |  |  | SD card partial access error. <br> The unit was unable to write in the card for unknown reason but now is recovered. A part of the data contents is missing. |
|  |  | OFF | SD card not inserted. |
|  |  | ON | SD card inserted. |
|  |  | Blinking approx. 2 Hz | The unit is writing in the SD card. DO NOT extract the card. |
| Power | Red | ON | Normal |
|  |  | Blinking approx. 0.5 Hz | Input overload or no input |
|  |  | Blinking approx. 2 Hz | Setting error or device error |
|  |  | $\frac{\Pi \square \square}{2 \text { sec. }}$ | Internal calendar error or calendar backup battery life expired. <br> Re-set the calendar with the PC Configurator. <br> The LED blinks in the designated pattern every time when the power is turned on after the battery life has been expired. |
|  |  | OFF | Device error |
| RUN | Red | ON | Normal communication |
| ERR | Red | ON | Received data error |
| SD | Red | ON | Data transmitting |
| RD | Red | ON | Data receiving |

## TERMINATING RESISTOR

To use the terminating resistor, turn the switch ON.

## ■ NODE ADDRESS

Node Address is selected between 1 and 99 in decimal. The left switch determines the tenth place digit, while the right switch does the ones place digit of the address.


## BAUD RATE

Baud Rate is selected with the rotary switch (4 through 9 are not available, be sure to set between 0 and 3).


■ OPERATING MODE SETTING
${ }^{(*)}$ Factory setting

- System Configuration (SW1-1, 2)

| SW1-1 | SW1-2 | SYSTEM CONFIGURATION |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| OFF | OFF | Three-phase / 3-wire $\left(^{*}\right)$ |
| ON | OFF | Single-phase / 2-wire |
| OFF | ON | Single-phase / 3-wire |
| ON | ON | --- |

- Balanced or Unbalanced Load (SW1-3)

| SW1-3 | BALANCED / UNBALANCED |
| :---: | :--- |
| OFF | Unbalanced $(*)$ |
| ON | Balanced |

- Clamp Sensor Type (SW1-4, 5, 6)

| SW1-4 | SW1-5 | SW1-6 | CLAMP SENSOR TYPE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| OFF | OFF | OFF | CLSE-R5 (5A) $\left(^{*}\right)$ |
| ON | OFF | OFF | CLSE-05 (50A) |
| OFF | ON | OFF | CLSE-10 (100A) |
| OFF | OFF | ON | CLSE-20 (200A) |
| ON | ON | OFF | CLSE-40 (400A) |
| OFF | ON | ON | CLSE-60 (600A) |

- Configuration Mode (SW1-8)

| SW1-8 | CONFIGURATION MODE |
| :---: | :--- |
| OFF | DIP switch setting $\left(^{*}\right.$ ) <br> (PC Configurator setting is invalid.) |
| ON | PC Configurator and communication <br> (DIP switch setting is invalid.) |

Note 1: Turn on the power supply to the unit after setting node address, baud rate and operating mode.
Note 2: Be sure to set unused SW1-7 to OFF.
Note 3: Clamp sensor type setting is common to all circuits.
Note 4: The sensor type and other settings for individual circuit can be performed on the PC Configurator or via Modbus.

## -TERMINAL ASSIGNMENTS

## - Modbus



| No. | ID | FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | DB | DB |
| 2 | SLD | Shield |
| 3 | FE | Modbus ground |
| 4 | DA | DA |
| 5 | DG | DG |
| 6 | NC | Unused |
| 7 | NC | Unused |

## - Current Input 2



| No. | ID | FUNCTION | No. | ID | FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | 5ch 1L | Ch.5, Current input 1L | 10 | 5ch 1K | Ch.5, Current input 1K |
| 2 | 5ch 3L | Ch.5, Current input 3L | 11 | 5ch 3K | Ch.5, Current input 3K |
| 3 | 6ch 1L | Ch.6, Current input 1L | 12 | 6ch 1K | Ch.6, Current input 1K |
| 4 | 6ch 3L | Ch.6, Current input 3L | 13 | 6ch 3K | Ch.6, Current input 3K |
| 5 | 7ch 1L | Ch.7, Current input 1L | 14 | 7ch 1K | Ch.7, Current input 1K |
| 6 | 7ch 3L | Ch.7, Current input 3L | 15 | 7ch 3K | Ch.7, Current input 3K |
| 7 | 8ch 1L | Ch.8, Current input 1L | 16 | 8ch 1K | Ch.8, Current input 1K |
| 8 | 8ch 3L | Ch.8, Current input 3L | 17 | 8ch 3K | Ch.8, Current input 3K |
| 9 | T2 | Unused | 18 | T1 | Unused |

## - Current Input 1



| No. | ID | FUNCTION | No. | ID | FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | NC | Unused | 10 | NC | Unused |
| 2 | 1ch 1L | Ch.1, Current input 1L | 11 | 1ch 1K | Ch.1, Current input 1K |
| 3 | 1ch 3L | Ch.1, Current input 3L | 12 | 1ch 3K | Ch.1, Current input 3K |
| 4 | 2ch 1L | Ch.2, Current input 1L | 13 | 2ch 1K | Ch.2, Current input 1K |
| 5 | 2ch 3L | Ch.2, Current input 3L | 14 | 2ch 3K | Ch.2, Current input 3K |
| 6 | 3ch 1L | Ch.3, Current input 1L | 15 | 3ch 1K | Ch.3, Current input 1K |
| 7 | 3ch 3L | Ch.3, Current input 3L | 16 | 3ch 3K | Ch.3, Current input 3K |
| 8 | 4ch 1L | Ch.4, Current input 1L | 17 | 4ch 1K | Ch.4, Current input 1K |
| 9 | 4ch 3L | Ch.4, Current input 3L | 18 | 4ch 3K | Ch.4, Current input 3K |

## INSTALLATION

## ■ WALL MOUNTING

Attach the upper mounting adaptors to the upper side of the unit, and pull out the lower mounting adaptors from the lower side. Fasten a M4 screw through the mounting hole ( 4.5 mm dia.) of each adaptor. (torque $1.4 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ )
To remove the upper mounting adaptor from the unit, pull it out while squeezing the latches as shown in the figure below.


## TERMINAL CONNECTIONS

Connect the unit as in the diagram below.
■EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS unit: mm (inch)


## CONNECTION DIAGRAM

Note: In order to improve EMC performance, bond the FE1 terminal to ground.
Caution: FE1 terminal is NOT a protective conductor terminal.


## ■INPUT WIRING

Use the model CLSE clamp sensor for current inputs.
The figure below shows only one circuit.
A maximum of eight (8) current sensor inputs can be connected (Ch. 1 through Ch. 8).
Grounding is not required for low voltage circuits.

| System / Application | Terminal | System / Application | Terminal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Single-phase / 2-wire |  | Three-phase / 3-wire balanced load |  |
| Single-phase / 3-wire |  | Three-phase / 3-wire unbalanced load |  |

## MOUNTING REQUIREMENTS unit: mm (inch)

## ■ SINGLE MOUNTING



■ BASIC + EXTENSION UNIT


## WIRING INSTRUCTIONS

## ■SOLDERLESS TERMINAL

Refer to the drawing below for recommended ring tongue terminal size. Spade tongue type is also applicable.

## - M3 Screw (Modbus and current input)

Applicable wire size: 0.25 to $1.65 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ (AWG22 to 16) Torque: $0.5 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$


- M3.5 Screw (auxiliary power and voltage input)

Applicable wire size: 1.04 to $2.63 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ (AWG16 to 14 ) Torque: $0.8 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$

## COMMUNICATION CABLE CONNECTIONS

## ■ MASTER CONNECTION



Be sure to connect the terminating resistor across DA and DB at both ends of communication line.
When this unit is located at an end, turn the terminating resistor SW ON.
The Host PC can be located at not only both ends but also any node of the of communication line.

## MODBUS - BASICS

This device conforms with Modbus-RTU protocol (MODBUS APPLICATION PROTOCOL V1.1a / Modbus over Serial Line Specification \& Implementation Guide V1.0).
The following communication parameters are selectable.

| COMM. PROPERTY | SELECTION |
| :--- | :--- |
| Modbus address | 1 to 99 |
| Baud rate | 4800 bps |
|  | 9600 bps |
|  | 19200 bps |
|  | $\left.38400 \mathrm{bps}^{*}\right)$ |
| Parity bit | None |
|  | Odd $\left(^{*}\right)$ |
|  | Even |
| Stop bit | 1 bit $\left(^{*}\right)$ |
|  | 2 bits |
| Protocol | Modbus-RTU (Data length 8 bits) $\left(^{*}\right)$ |
|  | Modbus-ASCII (Data length 7 bits) |

(*) Factory setting
When appropriately set, the host PC connected via RS-485 can read measurands from and write configurations (setting) to the device.
All registers are assigned to Holding Registers, can be read out using Read Holding Registers or Read Input Registers command. If reading an address with no assigned register is attempted, ' 0 ' is given.
Write Multiple Registers command is used to write registers. If writing an address with no assigned register is attempted, 'Exception' is given.

| FUNCTION CODE | COMMAND | RECOMMENDED TIME OUT VALUE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 03 | Read Holding Registers | 0.5 seconds |
| 04 | Read Input Registers | 0.5 seconds |
| 16 | Write Multiple Registers | 2 seconds |

These commands enable reading measurands and writing configurations.
One (1) word registers are represented in 16-bit integers, while two (2) word registers are in 32-bit. All registers are in the form of integer unless specifically given in the explanations.
The lower digit word in a 32-bit register is assigned to the lower address ( n ), while the upper digit word is assigned to the higher address ( $\mathrm{n}+1$ ).
The 32 -bit register must be read out and written in single command sequence.
It is recommended to wait for a time period indicated under 'recommended time out value' in the above table to receive a response for a command. If no response is received for these time periods, take appropriate error processing such as retrying.

## MODBUS - OPERATIONS

■MODBUS REGISTER ACCESS SETTING

| ADDR. | WORD | PARAMETER |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 8977 | 2 | Passcode entry for deactivating Modbus register write protection <br> Write a preset passcode in this register to deactivate the write protection via Modbus. <br> When the value set in this register matches the preset passcode, '1' is set in the register address 8979 to en- <br> able writing in Modbus registers. <br> The value set in this register cannot be read out. It reads always ' -1 ' regardless of the set value. <br> When writing in the Modbus registers for setting change is complete, be sure to set a value ('0' is recom- <br> mended) other than the passcode to activate the write protection again. |
| 8979 | 1 | Modbus register access setting <br> $0:$ Write disable (*) <br> $1:$ Write enable <br> Other : Write disable <br> This setting is cleared when the power supply to the unit is removed. It always starts with ' 0 ' (Write dis- <br> able) when the power supply is turned on. Set ' 1 ' before writing in other registers. <br> Note that '1' (Write enable) cannot be written in this register when the Modbus register write protection <br> passcode is preset and the write protection is enabled. <br> Be sure to write the correct passcode in the register address 8977 before changing the register setting from <br> '0' (Write disable) to '1' (Write enable). |

[^0]
## ■SYSTEM OPERATIONS

System operations include resetting accumulated values and rebooting.


## MODBUS - SETTING

## ■SYSTEM SETTING

| ADDR. | WORD | PARAMETER | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9041 | 1 | System configuration <br> 0 : Single-phase / 2 -wire (1CT) <br> 1 : Single-phase / 3-wire (2CT) <br> 2 : Three-phase / 3-wire, balanced load (1CT) <br> 3 : Three-phase / 3-wire, unbalanced load (2CT) (*) | --- |
| 9042 | 1 | Reserved |  |
| 9043 | 1 | Reserved |  |
| 9044 | 2 | VT rating, Primary 0 to 400000 : Voltage (V) Factory setting : 110 | V |
| 9046 | 1 | VT rating, Secondary <br> 50 to 500 : Voltage (V) <br> Factory setting : 110 <br> The secondary can be set up to 500 V . However, this does not mean the unit accepts 500 V for input. Do not use with the condition exceeding input rating written in the specification sheet of the unit. | V |
| 9047 | 1 | Reserved |  |
| 9048 | 1 | Reserved |  |
| 9049 | 1 | Low-end cutout, Voltage <br> 0 to 999 : Rated voltage $\times 0.001 \times$ Specified value <br> Factory setting : 10 | \%/10 |

(*) Factory setting

■ DEMAND SETTING

| ADDR. | WORD | PARAMETER | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 9057 | 1 | Average (demand) current update interval <br> 1 to $30:$ Minutes <br> Factory setting $: 30$ <br> Data updated at the integral multiple minutes of the setting <br> (e.g. Setting = 15 minutes, Updated at $0,15,30$, and 45 minutes every hour) | Minutes |
| 9058 | 1 | Average (demand) power update interval <br> 1 to $30:$ Minutes <br> Factory setting $: 30$ <br> Data updated at the integral multiple minute of the setting | Minutes |

- STYLE SETTING

| ADDR. | WORD | PARAMETER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9073 | 1 | Power factor (PF1 through PF3, PF) sign <br> 0 : Standard (IEC), Identical to the active energy (*) <br> 1 : Special type 1 (IEEE), Positive in LAG, Negative in LEAD |
| 9074 | 1 | Reactive power (Q1 through Q3, Q) sign <br> 0 : Standard (IEC), Positive from $\mathrm{PF}=1.0$ to $180^{\circ}$ in LAG direction; Negative for the other direction (*) <br> 1 : Special type 1, Positive in LAG, Negative in LEAD |
| 9075 | 1 | Reactive power (Q1 through Q3) calculation (Q = Q1 + Q2 + Q3) $\begin{array}{ll} 0: \text { Standard }(*) & \mathrm{Qn}=\sqrt{\mathrm{Sn}^{2}-\mathrm{Pn}^{2}} \\ 1: \text { Reactive power meter method } & \mathrm{Qn}=\frac{1}{\mathrm{Nsmp}} \sum_{\mathrm{i}=1}^{\text {Nsmp }}(\mathrm{Uni}-\mathrm{Nui}) \mathrm{I}_{i+(\text { Nsmp } / 4)} \end{array}$ <br> 0 : Standard (*) |
| 9076 | 1 | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { Apparent power }(\mathrm{S}) \text { calculation } \\ 0: \text { Standard }\left(^{*}\right) & \mathrm{S}=\sqrt{\mathrm{P}^{2}+\mathrm{Q}^{2}} \\ 1: \text { Sum } & \mathrm{S}=\mathrm{S} 1+\mathrm{S} 2+\mathrm{S} 3 \end{array}$ |

Note: ' 1 ,' ' 2 ,' ' 3 ' in expressions like $\mathrm{Q} 1, \mathrm{Q} 2$, Q 3 indicate ' R ,' ' S , ' T phases' respectively.

## ■MODBUS SETTING

The device must be reset or the power supply to it must be turned off and on in order to enable the Modbus setting.

| ADDR. | WORD | PARAMETER |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 9089 | 1 | Parity bit <br> $0:$ None <br> $1:$ Odd $(*)$ <br> $2:$ Even | UNIT |
| 9090 | 1 | Stop bit <br> $0: 1$ bit $(*)$ <br> $1: 2$ bits |  |
| 9091 | 4 | Reserved |  |
| 9095 | 1 | Protocol <br> $0:$ Modbus-RTU $(*)$ <br> $1:$ Modbus-ASCII |  |
| 9096 | 1 | RUN LED time out <br> RUN LED turns off if the unit receives no Modbus command for the specified time period. <br> 0 to 32 000 : Specified value $\times 0.1$ seconds <br> Factory setting: 10 | Sec./10 |

■ DATE/TIME SETTING
The three registers must be written at once.


- SENSOR SETTING

| ADDR. | WORD | PARAMETER | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9393 | 1 | Ch. 1 CT rating, Primary <br> 1 to 20000 : Current (A) <br> Factory setting : 5 <br> Valid only for the sensor type CLSE-R5. Selected sensor's rating is automatically set for other types of sensors. | A |
| 9394 | 1 | Ch. 1 CT sensor type 0 : CLSE-R5 (*) <br> 1 : CLSE-05 <br> 2 : CLSE-10 <br> 3 : CLSE-20 <br> 4 : CLSE-40 <br> 5 : CLSE-60 <br> 6 : Reserved <br> 7 : Reserved | --- |
| 9395 | 1 | Low-end cutout, Current Ch. 1 <br> 0 to 999 : Rated current $\times 0.001 \times$ Specified value <br> Factory setting : 10 | \%/10 |
| 9396 | 1 | Reserved |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 9397 \\ : \\ 9400 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 4 | Ch. 2 setting <br> Same as with the address 9393 through 9396 | --- |
| : | : | : |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 9543 \\ : \\ 9456 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 1 | Ch. 16 setting <br> Same as with the address 9393 through 9396 <br> Ch. 9 through 16 are valid only when the R9WTU-EP8 is used. | --- |

## - DEVICE STATUS



| ADDR. | WORD | PARAMETER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9601 | 1 | Device ID <br> 9901 : R9xWTU |
| 9602 | 1 | Device version <br> Version number $\times 100$ (e.g. Version $1.00=100$ ) |
| 9603 | 4 | Serial No. <br> Each character is stored in the following address: |
| 9607 | 8 |  |
| 9623 | 1 | Extension function flag <br> Reading the following values depending upon the function: <br> 0002H : RS-485 (Modbus RTU) <br> 0080H : LonWorks <br> 0100H : CC-Link <br> 2000H : Modbus/TCP |
| 9624 | 1 | Number of discrete input <br> 0 : None <br> 8:8 points (with the R9WTU-ED16) |
| 9625 | 1 | Number of discrete output 0 : None <br> $8: 8$ points (with the R9WTU-ED16) |
| 9626 | 1 | Reserved |
| 9627 | 1 | Number of circuits <br> 8:8 circuits <br> $16: 16$ circuits (with the R9WTU-EP8) |
| 9628 | 1 | Number of counters <br> 0 : None <br> $8: 8$ points (with the R9WTU-ED16) |

## MODBUS - MAPPING

■ PARAMETERTYPES

| TYPE | WORD | UNIT | RANGE |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Current | 2 | mA | 0 to 2000000000 mA |
| Voltage | 2 | $\mathrm{~V} / 100$ | 0 to 20000000.00 V |
| Active power | 2 | W | -2000000000 to 2000000000 W |
| Reactive power | 2 | var | -2000000000 to 2000000000 var |
| Apparent power | 2 | VA | 0 to 2000000000 VA |
| Power factor | 2 | $\cos \varphi$ | -1.0000 to 1.0000 |
| Frequency | 2 | $\mathrm{~Hz} / 100$ | 0 or 40.00 Hz to 70.00 Hz |
| Active energy | 2 | $\mathrm{kWh} / 10$ | 0 to $99999999.9 \mathrm{kWh} * 1$ |
| Reactive energy | 2 | $\mathrm{kvarh} / 10$ | 0 to $99999999.9 \mathrm{kvarh} * 1$ |
| Harmonic distortion | 1 | $\% / 10$ | 0 to $999.9 \%$ |

*1. Reset to 0 at overflow

- ADDRESS

If base address and offset is given separately in the following tables, add both values to determine the address for a particular parameter.
[Example]
Ch. 1, Line 1 current, Present value $=65+0=65$
Ch. 1, Line 1 current, Max. value $=65+10=75$

- Voltage and Frequency

| PARAMETER | PRESENT | MAX | MIN |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Delta voltage, $1-2$ | 1 | 17 | 33 |
| Delta voltage, $2-3$ | 3 | 19 | 35 |
| Delta voltage, $3-1$ | 5 | 21 | 37 |
| Phase voltage, Phase 1 | 7 | 23 | 39 |
| Phase voltage, Phase 2 | 9 | 25 | 41 |
| Phase voltage, Phase 3 | 11 | 27 | 43 |
| Total voltage *2 | 13 | 29 | 45 |
| Frequency | 15 | 31 | 47 |

*2. Total voltage
Single-phase/2-wire: Phase 1 voltage
Single-phase/3-wire: (Phase $1+3$ ) / 2
Three-phase/3-wire: $\{\operatorname{Delta}(1-2)+(2-3)+(3-1)\} / 3$

- Current

| PARAMETER | BASE ADDRESS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | BASIC UNIT |  |  |
| Ch. 1 Current |  | 65 |  |
| Ch. 2 Current |  | 97 |  |
| Ch. 3 Current |  | 129 |  |
| Ch. 4 Current |  | 161 |  |
| Ch. 5 Current |  | 193 |  |
| Ch. 6 Current |  | 225 |  |
| Ch. 7 Current |  | 257 |  |
| Ch. 8 Current |  | 289 |  |
| R9WTU-EP8 |  |  |  |
| Ch. 9 Current |  | 321 |  |
| Ch. 10 Current |  | 353 |  |
| Ch. 11 Current |  | 385 |  |
| Ch. 12 Current |  | 417 |  |
| Ch. 13 Current |  | 449 |  |
| Ch. 14 Current |  | 481 |  |
| Ch. 15 Current |  | 513 |  |
| Ch. 16 Current |  | 545 |  |
| PARAMETER | OFFSET |  |  |
|  | PRESENT | MAX | MIN |
| Current, Line 1 | +0 | +10 | +20 |
| Current, Line 2 | +2 | +12 | +22 |
| Current, Line 3 | +4 | +14 | +24 |
| Neutral current | +6 | +16 | +26 |
| Total current *3 | +8 | +18 | +28 |
| *3. Total current |  |  |  |
| Single-phase/2-wire Single-phase/3-wire Three-phase/3-wire | current $+3) / 2$ $+2+3) / 3$ |  |  |

- Power and Power Facto

| PARAMETER | BASE ADDRESS |
| :--- | :---: |
| BAIT |  |
| Ch. 1 Power, Power factor | 577 |
| Ch. 2 Power, Power factor | 673 |
| Ch. 3 Power, Power factor | 769 |
| Ch. 4 Power, Power factor | 865 |
| Ch. 5 Power, Power factor | 961 |
| Ch. 6 Power, Power factor | 1057 |
| Ch. 7 Power, Power factor | 1153 |
| Ch. 8 Power, Power factor | 1249 |
| R9WTU-EP8 |  |
| Ch. 9 Power, Power factor | 1345 |
| Ch. 10 Power, Power factor | 1441 |
| Ch. 11 Power, Power factor | 1537 |
| Ch. 12 Power, Power factor | 1633 |
| Ch. 13 Power, Power factor | 1729 |
| Ch. 14 Power, Power factor | 1825 |
| Ch. 15 Power, Power factor | 1921 |
| Ch. 16 Power, Power factor | 2017 |


| PARAMETER | OFFSET |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | PRESENT | MAX | MIN |
| Active power, Phase 1 | +0 | +32 | +64 |
| Active power, Phase 2 | +2 | +34 | +66 |
| Active power, Phase 3 | +4 | +36 | +68 |
| Active power | +6 | +38 | +70 |
| Reactive power, Phase 1 | +8 | +40 | +72 |
| Reactive powe, Phase 2 | +10 | +42 | +74 |
| Reactive power, Phase 3 | +12 | +44 | +76 |
| Reactive power | +14 | +46 | +78 |
| Apparent power, Phase 1 | +16 | +48 | +80 |
| Apparent power, Phase 2 | +18 | +50 | +82 |
| Apparent power, Phase 3 | +20 | +52 | +84 |
| Apparent power | +22 | +54 | +86 |
| Power factor, Phase 1 | +24 | +56 | +88 |
| Power factor, Phase 2 | +26 | +58 | +90 |
| Power factor, Phase 3 | +28 | +60 | +92 |
| Power factor | +30 | +62 | +94 |

- Average (demand) (AVG)

| PARAMETER |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| BASIC UNIT |  |  |
| Ch. 1 Average | 2113 |  |
| Ch. 2 Average | 2257 |  |
| Ch. 3 Average | 2401 |  |
| Ch. 4 Average | 2545 |  |
| Ch. 5 Average | 2689 |  |
| Ch. 6 Average | 2833 |  |
| Ch. 7 Average | 2977 |  |
| Ch. 8 Average | 3121 |  |
| R9WTU-EP8 |  |  |
| Ch. 9 Average |  |  |
| Ch. 10 Average | 3265 |  |
| Ch. 11 Average | 3409 |  |
| Ch. 12 Average | 3553 |  |
| Ch. 13 Average | 3697 |  |
| Ch. 14 Average | 3841 |  |
| Ch. 15 Average | 3985 |  |
| Ch. 16 Average | 4129 |  |


| PARAMETER | OFFSET |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | LATEST | MAX | MAX <br> DATE/ <br> TIME | MIN | MIN <br> DATE/ <br> TIME |
| Current AVG date/time | +0 |  |  |  |  |
| Current AVG | +3 | +28 | +30 | +83 | +85 |
| Current AVG, Line 1 | +5 | +33 | +35 | +88 | +90 |
| Current AVG, Line 2 | +7 | +38 | +40 | +93 | +95 |
| Current AVG, Line 3 | +9 | +43 | +45 | +98 | +100 |
| Neutral current AVG | +11 | +48 | +50 | +103 | +105 |
| Power AVG date/time | +13 |  |  |  |  |
| Active power AVG | +16 | +53 | +55 | +108 | +110 |
| Reactive power AVG | +18 | +58 | +60 | +113 | +115 |
| Apparent power AVG | +20 | +63 | +65 | +118 | +120 |

- Energy / Pulse Count

*. The value can be preset by writing. (Ver.1.30 or later)
- Voltage Harmonic Distortion (HD)

| PARAMETER | PRESENT | MAX |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Delta voltage HD, $1-2$ | 6465 | 6473 |
| Delta voltage HD, $2-3$ | 6466 | 6474 |
| Delta voltage HD, $3-1$ | 6467 | 6475 |
| Phase voltage HD, Phase 1 | 6468 | 6476 |
| Phase voltage HD, Phase 2 | 6469 | 6477 |
| Phase voltage HD, Phase 3 | 6470 | 6478 |

- Current Harmonic Distortion (HD)

| PARAMETER | BASE ADDRESS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BASIC UNIT |  |  |
| Ch. 1 Current HD | 6481 |  |
| Ch. 2 Current HD | 6489 |  |
| Ch. 3 Current HD | 6497 |  |
| Ch. 4 Current HD | 6505 |  |
| Ch. 5 Current HD | 6513 |  |
| Ch. 6 Current HD | 6521 |  |
| Ch. 7 Current HD | 6529 |  |
| Ch. 8 Current HD | 6537 |  |
| R9WTU-EP8 |  |  |
| Ch. 9 Current HD | 6545 |  |
| Ch. 10 Current HD | 6553 |  |
| Ch. 11 Current HD | 6561 |  |
| Ch. 12 Current HD | 6569 |  |
| Ch. 13 Current HD | 6577 |  |
| Ch. 14 Current HD | 6585 |  |
| Ch. 15 Current HD | 6593 |  |
| Ch. 16 Current HD | 6601 |  |
|  |  |  |
| PARAMETER | OFFSET |  |
|  | PRESENT | MAX |
| Current HD, Line 1 | +0 | +4 |
| Current HD, Line 2 | +1 | +5 |
| Current HD, Line 3 | +2 | +6 |
| Neutral current HD | +3 | +7 |

- Voltage Harmonic Content (HC)

| PARAMETER | 3rd | 5 th | $\ldots$ | 29 th | 31st |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Delta voltage HC, $1-2$ | 6609 | 6610 | $\ldots$ | 6622 | 6623 |
| Delta voltage HC, $2-3$ | 6625 | 6626 | $\ldots$ | 6638 | 6639 |
| Delta voltage HC, $3-1$ | 6641 | 6642 | $\ldots$ | 6654 | 6655 |
| Phase voltage HC, Phase 1 | 6657 | 6658 | $\ldots$ | 6670 | 6671 |
| Phase voltage HC, Phase 2 | 6673 | 6674 | $\ldots$ | 6686 | 6687 |
| Phase voltage HC, Phase 3 | 6689 | 6690 | $\ldots$ | 6702 | 6703 |

- Current Harmonic Content (HC)

| PARAMETER |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| BASIC UNIT |  |
| BASE ADDRESS |  |
| Ch. 1 Current HC | 6705 |
| Ch. 2 Current HC | 6769 |
| Ch. 3 Current HC | 6833 |
| Ch. 4 Current HC | 6897 |
| Ch. 5 Current HC | 6961 |
| Ch. 6 Current HC | 7025 |
| Ch. 7 Current HC | 7089 |
| Ch. 8 Current HC | 7153 |
|  |  |
| Ch. 9 Current HC | 7217 |
| Ch. 10 Current HC | 7281 |
| Ch. 11 Current HC | 7345 |
| Ch. 12 Current HC | 7409 |
| Ch. 13 Current HC | 7473 |
| Ch. 14 Current HC | 7537 |
| Ch. 15 Current HC | 7601 |
| Ch. 16 Current HC | 7665 |


| PARAMETER |  | OFFSET |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 5 th | $\ldots$ | 29 th | 31st |
| Current HC, Line 1 | +0 | +1 | $\ldots$ | +13 | +14 |
| Current HC, Line 2 | +16 | +17 | $\ldots$ | +29 | +30 |
| Current HC, Line 3 | +32 | +33 | $\ldots$ | +45 | +46 |
| Neutral current HC | +48 | +49 | $\ldots$ | +61 | +62 |

- Discrete Input (DI)
' 0 ' is read if the R9WTU-ED16 is not used.

| ADDR. | WORD LENGTH | PARAMETER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7745 | 1 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { DI 1 Status } \\ 0: \text { OFF } \\ 1: \mathrm{ON} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| 7746 | 1 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { DI } 2 \text { Status } \\ 0: \text { OFF } \\ 1: \mathrm{ON} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| 7747 | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DI 3 Status } \\ & 0: \text { OFF } \\ & 1: \mathrm{ON} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| 7748 | 1 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { DI } 4 \text { Status } \\ 0: \text { OFF } \\ 1: \text { ON } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| 7749 | 1 | DI 5 Status 0 : OFF <br> 1: ON |
| 7750 | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DI } 6 \text { Status } \\ & 0: \text { OFF } \\ & 1: \text { ON } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| 7751 | 1 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { DI } 7 \text { Status } \\ 0: \text { OFF } \\ 1: \mathrm{ON} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| 7752 | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DI 8 status } \\ & 0: \text { OFF } \\ & 1: \text { ON } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |

## - Pulse Count

' 0 ' is read if the R9WTU-ED16 is not used.
The value can be preset by writing.

| ADDR. | WORD LENGTH | PARAMETER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7777 | 2 | DI 1 Pulse count <br> Pulse train input at DI 1 is counted. The counter resets to 0 when a pulse is added at 999 999999 counts. |
| 7779 | 2 | DI 2 Pulse count <br> Pulse train input at DI 2 is counted. The counter resets to 0 when a pulse is added at 999 999999 counts. |
| 7781 | 2 | DI 3 Pulse count <br> Pulse train input at DI 3 is counted. The counter resets to 0 when a pulse is added at 999 999999 counts. |
| 7783 | 2 | DI 4 Pulse count <br> Pulse train input at DI 4 is counted. The counter resets to 0 when a pulse is added at 999 999999 counts. |
| 7785 | 2 | DI 5 Pulse count <br> Pulse train input at DI 5 is counted. The counter resets to 0 when a pulse is added at 999 999999 counts. |
| 7787 | 2 | DI 6 Pulse count <br> Pulse train input at DI 6 is counted. The counter resets to 0 when a pulse is added at 999 999999 counts. |
| 7789 | 2 | DI 7 Pulse count <br> Pulse train input at DI 7 is counted. The counter resets to 0 when a pulse is added at 999 999999 counts. |
| 7791 | 2 | DI 8 Pulse count <br> Pulse train input at DI 8 is counted. The counter resets to 0 when a pulse is added at 999 999999 counts. |

- Discrete Output (DO)
'Exception' is given if the R9WTU-ED16 is not used.

| ADDR. | WORD LENGTH | PARAMETER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7841 | 1 | DO 1 <br> Output contact at the Extension Unit is turned on/off by writing in the address. $0: \text { OFF / 1:ON }$ |
| 7842 | 1 | DO 2 <br> Output contact at the Extension Unit is turned on/off by writing in the address. 0: OFF / 1: ON |
| 7843 | 1 | DO 3 <br> Output contact at the Extension Unit is turned on/off by writing in the address. 0:OFF / 1:ON |
| 7844 | 1 | DO 4 <br> Output contact at the Extension Unit is turned on/off by writing in the address. $0: \text { OFF / } 1: \mathrm{ON}$ |
| 7845 | 1 | DO 5 <br> Output contact at the Extension Unit is turned on/off by writing in the address. 0 : OFF / 1:ON |
| 7846 | 1 | DO 6 <br> Output contact at the Extension Unit is turned on/off by writing in the address. $0: \text { OFF / } 1: \text { ON }$ |
| 7847 | 1 | DO 7 <br> Output contact at the Extension Unit is turned on/off by writing in the address. $0: \text { OFF / } 1: \mathrm{ON}$ |
| 7848 | 1 | DO 8 <br> Output contact at the Extension Unit is turned on/off by writing in the address. 0:OFF / 1:ON |

## DATA LOGGING IN SD CARD

## ■GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The R9MWTU is equipped with a SD card slot.
The unit transfers to the card at 0 minute every hour its internal memory data: energy per hour; and voltage, current, power and energy per minute.
A 4-GB SD card can store information of 8 channels for approx. 16 years.

## ■ TIMING

Data recording is started from 0 minute of the hour when the card is inserted.
For example, if it is inserted at 9:50, data from 9:00 to 10:00 is transferred to the card at 10:00, and later data is added every hour until the card is extracted. (If the unit has been started later than 9:00, data before the startup is not available.)
If the card is not in the unit on the hour, data transfer is not executed and the internal data is automatically erased until one is inserted to the unit again.
The SDCard LED starts blinking 30 seconds before the hour every hour for noticing start of writing operation.
DO NOT extract the card while the LED is blinking until the writing is complete.
If the card is extracted or the power supply to the unit is turned off while it is writing, stored data may be destroyed and inaccessible.

## - SD CARD

Prepare one of the following types of memory card:

- Manufacturer: Hagiwara Solutions

Model: NSD6-004GH(A00SDI (discontinued), NSDA-004GT (discontinued), NSDA-004GL (discontinued), NSD6-004GH(B21SEI

- Manufacturer: Apacer Technology
- Model: AP-ISD04GIS4B-T, AP-ISD04GIS4B-3T


## WE ARE NOT LIABLE FOR ANY LOSS OF DATA.

Data may be lost in but not limited to the following cases:

- Wrong handling of the card
- Static or electric noise interference
- When the card is extracted or when the power supply to the unit is turned off while it is accessed.
- When formatting SD card, use a dedicated software "SD Card Formatter".
- "SD Card Formatter" is downloadable at SD Association's web site.
https://www.sdcard.org


## ■CALENDAR

The incorporated calendar IC is backed up with a battery which enables the calendar backup for 2 years with no external power supply.
We recommend that the power supply is maintained as long as possible while the SD card is used.
The battery does not wear while the external power is supplied, however, the calendar cannot be backed up after the total elapsed time without power supply exceeds 2 years.
The unit indicates a calendar error with POWER LED, and resets the date and time to Year 2000, January 1, 00:00:00. Refer to "COMPONENT IDENTIFICATION" section. Set the date and time again in such a case.
Once the backup battery life is expired, the unit indicates the same error every time the power supply to it is turned on.

## ■DIRECTORY



## - Device Folder

A data folder inherent to the device is automatically created, and monthly folders are created in it.
Device folder is identified with the device's serial number (8 characters).

## - Monthly Folder

Monthly folders are identified with year (4 characters) and month (2 characters). All log files for the designated month are stored in it.

- Log File, 1 Hour Interval

Energy (watthour) and pulse counts per hour for each channel is stored on the hour every hour.
Each data storage cycle takes 1 row, and at the maximum of 1 month data is stored in a CSV (divided with comma) format file. The first row of the file contains the data contents descriptions and the second contains the engineering unit descriptions.

| PARAMETER | DATE | TIME | Ch. 1 <br> Energy | Ch. 2 <br> Energy | $\ldots$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Ch. } 8 \\ \text { Energy*1 } \end{gathered}$ | DI 1 Pulse Count*2 | DI 2 Pulse Count*2 | .... | DI 8 Pulse Count*2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Row 1 Comment | Date | Time | 1ch-EP | 2ch-EP |  | 8ch-EP | DI1-count | DI2-count |  | DI8-count |
| Row 2 Unit |  |  | kWh | kWh |  | kWh | pulse | pulse |  | pulse |
| Example | 2010/08/25 | 10:00 | 123.4 | 123.4 |  | 123.4 | 4567 | 4567 |  | 4567 |
|  | 2010/08/25 | 11:00 | 123.4 | 123.4 |  | 123.4 | 4567 | 4567 |  | 4567 |

## - Log File, 1 Minute Interval

Voltage, current, power, energy (watthour), and pulse counts per minute for each channel is stored.
Data transfer for the whole hour to the SD card is executed only at the same moment as for the hourly data.
Each data storage cycle takes 1 row, and at the maximum of 1 day data is stored in a CSV (divided with comma) format file. The first row of the file contains the data contents descriptions and the second contains the engineering unit descriptions.

*1. Up to 16 channels with the R9WTU-EP8
*2. DI pulse counts are recorded only with the R9WTU-ED16
Voltage and current data are assigned as in the following table.

| Threephase / 3 -wire | Voltage 1 | Delta voltage, 1-2 | Singlephase 3-wire | Voltage 1 | Phase voltage, Phase 1 | Single- <br> phase / <br> 2-wire | Voltage 1 | Phase voltage, Phase 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Voltage 2 | Delta voltage, 2-3 |  | Voltage 2 | Phase voltage, Phase 3 |  | Voltage 2 | 0 |
|  | Voltage 3 | Delta voltage, 3-1 |  | Voltage 3 | Delta voltage, 3-1 |  | Voltage 3 | 0 |
|  | Current 1 | Current, Line 1 |  | Current 1 | Current, Line 1 |  | Current 1 | Current, Line 1 |
|  | Current 2 | Current, Line 2 |  | Current 2 | Current, Line 3 |  | Current 2 | 0 |
|  | Current 3 | Current, Line 3 |  | Current 3 | Neutral current |  | Current 3 | 0 |

## LIGHTNING SURGE PROTECTION

We offer a series of lightning surge protector for protection against induced lightning surges. Please contact us to choose appropriate models.


[^0]:    (*) Factory setting

