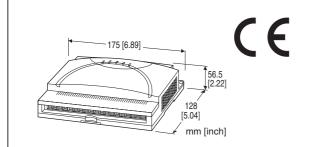
# **PC Recorders RZUS Series**

# **PC RECORDER**

(universal input, 12 points; isolated; bus-powered USB)

### **Functions & Features**

- Industrial recorder on PC
- 12-point universal inputs
- Channel-to-channel isolation
- Trigger input and alarm contact output
- Filtering protection against 50/60 Hz noise
- USB and RS-485 interface
- No need of dedicated power source



# **MODEL: RZUS-U9T/MSR**

# **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Code number: RZUS-U9T/MSR

# **FIELD TERMINAL TYPE**

T: M3 screw terminals

# **OPTIONS**

PC Recorder Software Package (must be specified) /MSR: With

## **RELATED PRODUCTS**

• Resistor module (model: REM3-250) Though the REM3 is designed to be mounted directly to this model, we recommend that it be attached to a separate terminal board in order to eliminate its heat conduction to affect the cold junction compensation and the overall measuring accuracy of this model.

• RZXS configurator software (model: RZMSCFG) Downloadable at our web site.

A dedicated cable is required to connect the module to the PC. Please refer to the internet software download site or the users manual for the PC configurator for applicable cable types.

## **PACKAGE INCLUDES...**

- PC Recorder Software CD
- USB cable (1 m or 3.3 ft)

# **GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS**

### Connection

USB: USB type B connector, female RS-485: Euro type connector terminal (Applicable wire size: 0.2 - 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG24 - 12), stripped length 7 mm) I/O: M3 screw terminals (torque: 0.6N·m) Grounding: M4 screw terminal (torque: 1.2N·m) PC Configurator: Miniature jack, RS-232-C level Screw terminal: Nickel-plated steel Housing material: Flame-resistant resin (gray) Isolation: Input 1 to input 2 to input 3 to input 4 to input 5 to input 6 to input 7 to input 8 to input 9 to input 10 to input 11 to input 12 to trigger input to alarm output to USB or RS-485 or configurator jack to ground Zero/span adjustments: Available with PC Configurator Software for all types of inputs.

Burnout for T/C and RTD input: Upscale, Downscale or No burnout selectable

Select 'No Burnout' to minimize the measuring errors caused by the sensor/wire resistance and the burnout sensing current.

With RTD input, the signal may go transiently to the opposite direction from the burnout setting.

With DC/potentiometer input, the burnout setting is ignored and the burnout sensing current is cancelled.

In order to specify burnout actions to individual channels, use PC Configurator Software.

**Wire resistance compensation for RTD input**: Field calibration for 3-wire (or 2-wire) RTD available with PC Configurator Software.

**Cold junction compensation (CJC) for T/C input**: CJC can be enabled or disabled. Reference temperature is measured at the internal sensor by factory setting.

In order to specify cold junction compensation to individual channels, use PC Configurator Software.

Temperature measured at another channel of this model can be specified as the reference point by using PC Configurator Software. This is beneficial to reduce compensation wires' cost when there are many temperature points in remote locations.

Install a relaying terminal board near the sensors and use ordinary copper wires between the board and this model, and assign one channel to measure temperature at the terminal board as the reference.

**Operating mode setting**: Rotary switch; burnout type, cold junction compensation, line noise frequency, software filter, A/D conversion mode, service channel numbers setting

#### available

**Line noise filter**: NMNR ratio to the line frequency and its harmonic contents can be optimized. Factory set to 50/60 Hz mode for use with both frequencies. Select either frequency for the most effective result.

**Programmable first order lag filter**: Time constant selectable with PC Configurator Software.

The use of this filter is disabled at the factory shipment. With the large time constant setting, measured signals during the warm-up immediately after the power is turned on may affect the signals for a long time period.

**A/D conversion mode**: Fast, Medium or Slow selectable with PC Configurator Software.

With Slow setting, data fluctuations are minimized with limited sampling time (speed).

With Fast setting, sampling time (speed) can be high though data fluctuations increase.

**Node address setting**: Rotary switch; 1 – F (15 nodes) **Indicator LEDs**: Five (5) LEDs indicate the module's operating conditions.

**Service channel numbers**: 12 channels (ch.1 thr. 12) or 6 channels (ch.1 thr. 6) are selectable with PC Configurator Software. Factory set to 12 channels.

## COMMUNICATION

Baud rate: 38.4 kbps

**Communication**: Half-duplex, asynchronous, no procedure **Protocol**: Modbus RTU

### RS-485

Standard: Conforms to TIA/EIA-485-A

Transmission distance: 10 meters max.

**Transmission media**: Shielded twisted-pair cable (CPEV-S 0.9 dia.)

### USB

Standard: Full Speed USB 2.0 (usable with USB 1.1 port) Transmission distance: 5 meters max. Transfer mode: Bulk transfer

Power supply: Bus powered (high power device)

## **INPUT SPECIFICATIONS**

### DC Voltage

### Input resistance: 900 k $\Omega$ min.

Excluding the case in which, with range setting other than  $\pm 12$  V,  $\pm 6$  V or  $\pm 3$  V, a voltage exceeding  $\pm 1.3$  V is applied. Input range:  $\pm 60$  mV,  $\pm 125$  mV,  $\pm 250$  mV,  $\pm 500$  mV,  $\pm 1000$  mV,  $\pm 3$  V,  $\pm 6$  V,  $\pm 12$  V

### Thermocouple

Input resistance: 900 kΩ minimum Input type: (PR), K (CA), E (CRC), J (IC), T (CC), B (RH), R, S, C (WRe 5-26), N, U, L, P (Platinel II) Burnout sensing **Upscale**: ≤ 130 nA

Downscale: ≤ 220 nA

**No burnout**:  $\leq$  10 nA

Burnout sensing time

K, E, J, N, L, P (upscale):  $\leq$  20 seconds

**Others**:  $\leq$  10 seconds

### RTD (3-wire)

**Excitation**: 1.25 V / (1.25 k $\Omega$  + load resistance across the terminals A - C); 1.00 mA with 10  $\Omega$  across A - C; 0.55 mA with 1000  $\Omega$  across A - C

Allowable leadwire resistance: 20  $\Omega$  per wire

**Input type**: Pt 100 (JIS '89), Pt 100 (JIS '97, IEC), Pt 200, Pt 300, Pt 400, Pt 500, Pt 1000, Pt 50Ω (JIS '81), JPt 100 (JIS '89), Ni 100, Ni 120, Ni 508.4Ω, Ni-Fe 604,

#### Cu 10 @ 25°C Burnout sensing

Upscale or Downscale: ≤ 130 nA

No burnout:  $\leq 10 \text{ nA}$ 

Burnout sensing time:  $\leq 10$  seconds

### Potentiometer

**Excitation**: 1.25 V / (1.31 k $\Omega$  + load resistance across the terminals A – C); 0.83 mA with 200  $\Omega$  across A – C; 0.20 mA with 5 k $\Omega$  across A – C

Allowable leadwire resistance: 20  $\Omega$  per wire

**Total resistance**: See Potentiometer Input Table of the "Input type, Range, Accuracy & Temperature Coefficient" section.

**Trigger Input**: Dry contact; detected ON at  $\leq$  0.8 V

Voltage across the terminals:  $\leq 2.5 \text{ V}$ 

Current across the terminals:  $\leq 4.0 \text{ mA}$ **SAMPLING TIME** 

LINE NOISE	SERVICE	A/D CONVERSION (Sec.)		
FILTER FREQ.	CH. NO.	MEDIUM	SLOW	FAST
50 Hz	$12  ext{ ch}$	0.68	0.94	0.43
	6 ch	0.38	0.53	0.26
50/60 Hz	$12  ext{ ch}$	0.63	0.87	0.40
	6 ch	0.35	0.49	0.24
60 Hz	$12  ext{ ch}$	0.59	0.80	0.38
	6 ch	0.33	0.45	0.22

Multplied by two (2) for RTD and potentiometer input.

## **OUTPUT SPECIFICATIONS**

■ Alarm Output: Photo MOSFET relay (no polarity);  $\leq 50 \ \Omega$  at ON,  $\geq 1 \ M\Omega$  at OFF; OFF when not powered Peak load voltage: 50 V max. Continuous load current: 50 mA max. Peak load current: 300 mA max. ( $\leq 0.1 \ \text{sec.}$ )

# INSTALLATION

Power input

Normal operating mode: Approx. 0.2 A

Suspend mode:  $\leq 0.5 \text{ mA}$ 

The USB high power port must be capable of 300 mA power consumption. When connecting the RZUS to a USB hub, choose the self-powered configuration.

Laptop PC's supply current may be limited by its battery power. Confirm the USB port's current capacity in advance.

Operating temperature: 0 to 60°C (32 to 140°F) Operating humidity: 30 to 90 %RH (non-condensing) Mounting: Surface or DIN rail

Weight: 520 g (1.15 lb)

## PERFORMANCE

**Accuracy**: See "Input type, Range, Accuracy & Temperature Coefficient" section.

Cold junction compensation error: (°C)

 $\leq \pm [0.6 + |$ Ambient Temp. - 25|× 0.04]

(in stable ambient temperature; e.g.  $\pm 1.0\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  at 15 $^{\circ}\text{C}$  and 35 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Applicable with balanced terminal temperature.

Error will increase by imbalances caused by direct mounting of the REM3 to the terminals.

**Temp. coefficient**: See "Input type, Range, Accuracy & Temperature Coefficient" section.

**Response time** (Assuming the fastest reading on Modbus)

•DC of ±1000 mV or narrower ranges or T/C:

 $\leq$  [Sampling Time + 0.3 sec.] (0 - 90 %)

•DC of ±3 V or wider ranges:

≤ [Sampling Time + 0.5 sec.] (0 - 90 %)

## •RTD or potentiometer:

 $\leq$  [Sampling Time + 0.3 sec.] (0 - 90 %)

**Insulation resistance**:  $\geq$  100 M $\Omega$  with 500 V DC

Dielectric strength: 500 Vpeak @ 1 minute

Peak value including both AC and DC (e.g. 354 V AC with 0 V DC).

(input 1 to input 2 to input 3 to input 4 to input 5 to input 6 to input 7 to input 8 to input 9 to input 10 to input 11 to input 12 to trigger input to alarm output to USB or RS-485 or configurator jack to ground)

Line noise normal mode rejection:  $\geq 100 \text{ dB}$ 

Magnitude of the effects of normal mode 50/60 Hz noise, with the most appropriate line noise filter frequency setting. Each input circuit has a CR filter of sufficient large time constant so that there will be little effect of line noise such as 500 mV AC superposed on a thermocouple or  $\pm 60$  mV input.

Common mode noise rejection

Magnitude of the effects of voltages applied across the terminal C and the ground terminal when there is no potential difference among all the C terminals.

### DC: N/A

AC, ±3 V, ±6 V, ±12 V: Approx. 86 dB

AC, other ranges: Approx. 120 dB

### Common mode noise rejection between channels:

Magnitude of the effects of DC/50/60 Hz voltages applied across the terminals C of the present and the last scanned channels. (Data are scanned from ch 1 to ch 12 in turn and back to ch 1 again.)

DC, ±3 V, ±6 V, ±12 V: Approx. 100 dB DC, other ranges: Approx. 120 dB AC, ±3 V, ±6 V, ±12 V: Approx. 86 dB

AC, other ranges: Approx. 106 dB

High common mode noise between channels may compromise the accuracies in low millivolts measuring including thermocouple input.

We recommend that C terminals of each channel be crosswired and then connected to the ground terminal to ensure the measurement of the highest accuracy.

If such configuration is not possible, take special consideration to minimize the channel-to-channel common mode noise and the potential against the ground terminal. The potential of the open terminal C against the ground terminal equals to that of the last scanned channel. If ch 2 and ch 3 are not connected, the accuracy of ch 4 measurement is affected by potential difference between the C terminals of ch 1 and ch 4.

# **STANDARDS & APPROVALS**

EU conformity: EMC Directive EMI EN 61000-6-4 EMS EN 61000-6-2 RoHS Directive

## **INPUT TYPE, RANGE, ACCURACY & TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT**

Applicable with the common mode voltage 0 V between C terminals of all channels and between C terminal of each channel and the ground terminal.

The effects by the following factors are excluded:

Fast A/D conversion mode; temperature drift with the REM3 directly mounted to the I/O terminals; wire resistance; burnout sensing current with upscale/downscale settings.

#### **DC Voltage Input**

<b>.</b> .	
INPUT RANGE	ACCURACY (mV)
±60mV	±0.05
$\pm 125 mV$	±0.07
±250mV	±0.13
±500mV	±0.25
$\pm 1000 \mathrm{mV}$	±0.5
±3V	±2.5
$\pm 6V$	±5
±12V	±10

#### Thermocouple Input, Celsius

T/C	USABLE RANGE (°C)	CONFORMANCE RANGE (°C)	ACCURACY (°C)
(PR)	0 to 1770	400 to 1770	±4.6
K(CA)	-270 to +1370	0 to 1370	±1.5
E (CRC)	-270 to +1000	0 to 1000	±0.8
J (IC)	-210 to +1200	0 to 1200	±1.0
T (CC)	-270 to +400	0 to 400	±1.3
B (RH)	100 to 1820	700 to 1820	±7.2
R	-50 to +1760	400 to 1760	±4.8
S	-50 to +1760	400 to 1760	±5.3
C (WRe 5-26)	0 to 2320	0 to 2320	±4.9
N	-270 to +1300	0 to 1300	±1.9
U	-200 to +600	0 to 600	±1.3
L	-200 to +900	0 to 900	±1.0
P (Platinel II)	0 to 1395	0 to 1395	±1.7

### Thermocouple Input, Fahrenheit

	/		
T/C	USABLE RANGE (°F)	CONFORMANCE RANGE (°F)	ACCURACY (°F)
(PR)	32 to 3218	752 to 3218	±8.28
K(CA)	-454 to +2498	32 to 2498	±2.7
E (CRC)	-454 to +1832	32 to 1832	±1.44
J (IC)	-346 to +2192	32 to 2192	±1.8
T (CC)	-454 to +752	32 to 752	±2.34
B (RH)	$212 \ {\rm to} \ 3308$	1292 to 3308	±13.0
R	-58 to +3200	752 to 3200	±8.64
S	-58 to +3200	752 to 3200	±9.54
C (WRe 5-26)	32 to $4208$	32 to 4208	±8.82
N	-454 to +2372	32 to 2372	±3.42
U	-328 to +1112	32 to 1112	±2.34
L	-328 to +1652	32 to 1652	±1.8
P (Platinel II)	32 to $2543$	32 to $2543$	±3.06

Note 1: Measuring accuracy at 50µV emf. Note 2: CJC error is not included.

RTD Input, Celsius				
RTD	USABLE RANGE (°C)	ACCURACY		
עוח		at < 0°C	at ≥ 0°C	
Pt 100 (JIS '97, IEC)	-200 to +850	±0.4°C	$\pm [0.4^{\circ}\text{C} + \text{Measured Value} \times 0.1\%]$ ( $\pm 1.3^{\circ}\text{C}$ at 850°C)	
Pt 200	-200 to +850	±0.3°C	±[0.3°C + Measured Value × 0.17%] (±1.8°C at 850°C)	
Pt 300	-200 to +850	$\pm [0.4^{\circ}\text{C} + \text{Measured Value} \times 0.08\%]$ $(\pm 0.24^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ at } -200^{\circ}\text{C})$	$\begin{array}{l} \pm [0.4^{\circ}\mathrm{C} + \mathrm{Measured \ Value} \times 0.21\%] \\ (\pm 2.2^{\circ}\mathrm{C} \ \mathrm{at} \ 850^{\circ}\mathrm{C}) \end{array}$	
Pt 400	-200 to +850	$\pm [0.4^{\circ}\text{C} + \text{Measured Value} \times 0.11\%]$ $(\pm 0.18^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ at } -200^{\circ}\text{C})$	$\pm [0.4^{\circ}C + Measured Value \times 0.21\%]$ ( $\pm 2.2^{\circ}C$ at 850°C)	
Pt 500	-200 to +850	$\pm [0.4^{\circ}C + Measured Value \times 0.13\%]$ $(\pm 0.14^{\circ}C \text{ at } -200^{\circ}C)$	$\pm [0.4^{\circ}C + Measured Value \times 0.26\%]$ ( $\pm 2.6^{\circ}C$ at 850°C)	
Pt 1000	-200 to +850	±[0.4°C + Measured Value × 0.15%] (±0.10°C at -200°C)	±[0.4°C + Measured Value × 0.4%] (±3.8°C at 850°C)	
Pt 100 (JIS '89)	-200 to +660	±0.4°C	±[0.4°C + Measured Value × 0.1%] (±1.1°C at 650°C)	
JPt 100 (JIS '89)	-200 to +510	±0.4°C	±[0.4°C + Measured Value × 0.1%] (±0.91°C at 510°C)	
Pt 50Ω (JIS '81)	-200 to +649	$\pm 0.5^{\circ}$ C at < 160°C, $\pm [0.4^{\circ}$ C + Measured Value × 0.1%] at $\geq 160^{\circ}$ C ( $\pm 1.049^{\circ}$ C at 649°C)		
Ni 100	-80 to +260	±0.3°C		
Ni 120	-80 to +260	±0.3°C		
Ni 508.4Ω	-50 to +280	±[0.25°C + Measured Value × 0.06%] (±0.22°C at -50°C, ±0.42°C at 280°C)		
Ni-Fe 604	-200 to +200	±0.9°C at -200°C, ±0.6°C at -150°C, ±0.5°C at ±100°C, ±0.7°C at 200°C		
Cu 10 @ 25°C	-50 to +250	±1.2°C (only after the field calibrations)		

### **RTD Input, Fahrenheit**

RTD USABLE RANGE (°		ACCURACY		
RID	TD USABLE RANGE (T)	at < 32°F	at ≥ 32°F	
Pt 100 (JIS '97, IEC)	-328 to +1562	±0.72°F	$\pm [0.4^{\circ}C + Measured Value \times 0.1\%]$ ( $\pm 1.3^{\circ}C$ at 850°C)	
Pt 200	-328 to +1562	±0.54°F	±[0.3°C + Measured Value × 0.17%] (±1.8°C at 850°C)	
Pt 300	-328 to +1562	$\begin{array}{l} \pm [0.72^\circ F + Measured \ Value \times \ 0.08\%] \\ (\pm 0.44^\circ F \ at \ -328^\circ F) \end{array}$	$\pm [0.4^{\circ}C + Measured Value \times 0.21\%]$ ( $\pm 2.2^{\circ}C$ at 850°C)	
Pt 400	-328 to +1562	$\pm [0.72^\circ F$ + Measured Value $\times$ 0.11%] $(\pm 0.33^\circ F$ at -328°F)	$\pm [0.4^{\circ}C + Measured Value \times 0.21\%]$ ( $\pm 2.2^{\circ}C$ at 850°C)	
Pt 500	-328 to +1562	$\pm [0.72^\circ F$ + Measured Value $\times$ 0.13%] $(\pm 0.26^\circ F$ at -328°F)	$\begin{array}{l} \pm [0.4^{\circ}\mathrm{C} + \mathrm{Measured} \ \mathrm{Value} \times 0.26\%] \\ (\pm 2.6^{\circ}\mathrm{C} \ \mathrm{at} \ 850^{\circ}\mathrm{C}) \end{array}$	
Pt 1000	-328 to +1562	$\pm [0.72^\circ F$ + Measured Value $\times$ 0.15%] $(\pm 0.18^\circ F$ at -328°F)	$\pm [0.4^{\circ}C + Measured Value \times 0.4\%]$ ( $\pm 3.8^{\circ}C$ at 850°C)	
Pt 100 (JIS '89)	-328 to +1220	±0.72°F	$\pm [0.4^{\circ}C + Measured Value \times 0.1\%]$ ( $\pm 1.1^{\circ}C$ at 650°C)	
JPt 100 (JIS '89)	-328 to +950	±0.72°F	$\pm [0.4^{\circ}\text{C} + \text{Measured Value} \times 0.1\%]$ (±0.91°C at 510°C)	
Pt 50Ω (JIS '81)	-328 to +1200	$\pm 0.9^{\circ}$ F at < 320°F, $\pm [0.72^{\circ}$ F + Measured Value × 0.1%] at ≥ 320°F ( $\pm 1.888^{\circ}$ F at 1200°F)		
Ni 100	-112 to +500	±0.54°F		
Ni 120	-112 to +500	±0.54°F		
Ni 508.4Ω	-58 to +536	$\pm [0.45^{\circ}F + Measured Value \times 0.06\%] (\pm 0.40^{\circ}F at -58^{\circ}F, \pm 0.76^{\circ}F at 536^{\circ}F)$		
Ni-Fe 604	-328 to +392	±1.62°F at -328°F, ±1.08°F at -238°F, ±0.9°F at ±212°F, ±1.26°F at 392°F		
Cu 10 @ 25°C	-58 to +482	±2.16°F (only after the field calibrations)		

Note 1: The lower the temperature range, the better the accuracy is for Pt 300, Pt 400, Pt 500, Pt 1000 and Ni 508.4Ω. 'Measured Value' in the equations is not an absolute value. Include the minus sign when calculating accuracies.

Note 2: For Cu 10 @ 25°C, be sure to perform the field calibrations of wire imbalance and zero/span by using the PC Configurator Software.

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TOTAL RESISTANCE	ACCURACY
Up to $200\Omega$	$\pm 0.12\%$ at $200\Omega$
Up to $500\Omega$	$\pm 0.14\%$ at $500\Omega$
Up to 5kΩ	±0.14% at 1kΩ
	$\pm 0.10\%$ at $2k\Omega$ or $5k\Omega$

#### **Temperature Coefficient**

TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT		
$\pm$ [Nominal Input Range × 0.015%]/°C or $\pm$ [Nominal Input Range × 0.008%]/°F		
	$at > 0^{\circ}C \text{ or } 32^{\circ}F$	
±0.041°C/°C ±0.041°F/°F	$\pm [0.041^{\circ}C + Measured Value \times 0.026\%]/^{\circ}C \\ \pm [0.041^{\circ}F + Measured Value \times 0.026\%]/^{\circ}F$	
±0.044°C/°C ±0.044°F/°F	±[0.044°C + Measured Value × 0.033%]/°C ±[0.044°F + Measured Value × 0.033%]/°F	
±0.047°C/°C ±0.047°F/°F	±[0.047°C + Measured Value × 0.04%]/°C ±[0.047°F + Measured Value × 0.04%]/°F	
±0.05°C/°C ±0.05°F/°F	$\begin{array}{l} \pm [0.05^{\circ}\mathrm{C} + \mathrm{Measured~Value} \times 0.052\%] /^{\circ}\mathrm{C} \\ \pm [0.05^{\circ}\mathrm{F} + \mathrm{Measured~Value} \times 0.052\%] /^{\circ}\mathrm{F} \end{array}$	
±0.053°C/°C ±0.053°F/°F	$\pm [0.053^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ + Measured Value $\times$ 0.053%]/°C $\pm [0.053^{\circ}\mathrm{F}$ + Measured Value $\times$ 0.053%]/°F	
$\pm [0.068^{\circ}\text{C} + \text{Measured Value} \times 0.025\%]/^{\circ}\text{C}$ $\pm [0.068^{\circ}\text{F} + \text{Measured Value} \times 0.025\%]/^{\circ}\text{F}$	$\begin{array}{l} \pm [0.068^{\circ}\mathrm{C} + \mathrm{Measured~Value} \times 0.087\%]/^{\circ}\mathrm{C} \\ \pm [0.068^{\circ}\mathrm{F} + \mathrm{Measured~Value} \times 0.087\%]/^{\circ}\mathrm{F} \end{array}$	
±0.041°C/°C ±0.041°F/°F	±[0.041°C + Measured Value × 0.024%]/°C ±[0.041°F + Measured Value × 0.024%]/°F	
±0.041°C/°C ±0.041°F/°F	±[0.041°C + Measured Value × 0.023%]/°C ±[0.041°F + Measured Value × 0.023%]/°F	
±0.039°C/°C ±0.039°F/°F	±[0.039°C + Measured Value × 0.021%]/°C ±[0.039°F + Measured Value × 0.021%]/°F	
±0.028°C/°C ±0.028°F/°F	±[0.028°C + Measured Value × 0.01%]/°C ±[0.028°F + Measured Value × 0.01%]/°F	
±0.028°C/°C ±0.028°F/°F	±[0.028°C + Measured Value × 0.01%]/°C ±[0.028°F + Measured Value × 0.01%]/°F	
±0.046°C/°C ±0.046°F/°F	±[0.046°C + Measured Value × 0.018%]/°C ±[0.046°F + Measured Value × 0.018%]/°F	
$ \begin{array}{l} \pm 0.058^{\circ}\text{C/}^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ at } \leq -200^{\circ}\text{C}, \\ \pm 0.043^{\circ}\text{C/}^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ at } -150^{\circ}\text{C}, \\ \pm 0.04^{\circ}\text{C/}^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ at } -100^{\circ}\text{C}, \\ \pm (0.047^{\circ}\text{C} + \text{Measured Value} \times 0.023\%]/^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ at } \geq 0^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \pm 0.058^{\circ}\text{F/}^{\circ}\text{F} \text{ at } \leq -328^{\circ}\text{F}, \\ \pm 0.043^{\circ}\text{F/}^{\circ}\text{F} \text{ at } -238^{\circ}\text{F}, \\ \pm 0.04^{\circ}\text{F/}^{\circ}\text{F} \text{ at } -148^{\circ}\text{F}, \\ \pm (0.047^{\circ}\text{F} + \text{Measured Value} \times 0.023\%]/^{\circ}\text{F} \text{ at } \geq 32^{\circ}\text{F} \\ \end{array} $		
±0.07°C/°C or ±0.07°F/°F		
±0.005%/°C or ±0.003%/°F		
	$ \begin{split} \pm [\text{Nominal Input Range} \times 0.015\%]/^{\circ} \text{C or } \pm [\text{Nominal } (e.g. \pm 0.018 \text{mV/}^{\circ} \text{C with } \pm 60 \text{mV range}) \\ \pm [\text{Accuracy } / 3] ^{\circ} \text{C/}^{\circ} \text{C or } \pm [\text{Accuracy } / 3] ^{\circ} \text{F/}^{\circ} \text{F} (e.g. \pm at < 0^{\circ} \text{C or } 32^{\circ} \text{F} \\ \pm 0.041^{\circ} \text{C/}^{\circ} \text{C} \\ \pm 0.041^{\circ} \text{C/}^{\circ} \text{C} \\ \pm 0.044^{\circ} \text{C/}^{\circ} \text{C} \\ \pm 0.044^{\circ} \text{C/}^{\circ} \text{C} \\ \pm 0.047^{\circ} \text{C/}^{\circ} \text{C} \\ \pm 0.047^{\circ} \text{C/}^{\circ} \text{C} \\ \pm 0.053^{\circ} \text{F/}^{\circ} \text{F} \\ \pm 0.068^{\circ} \text{C} + \text{Measured Value} \times 0.025\%]/^{\circ} \text{C} \\ \pm 10.068^{\circ} \text{C} + \text{Measured Value} \times 0.025\%]/^{\circ} \text{F} \\ \pm 0.041^{\circ} \text{C/}^{\circ} \text{C} \\ \pm 0.039^{\circ} \text{C/}^{\circ} \text{C} \\ \pm 0.039^{\circ} \text{C/}^{\circ} \text{C} \\ \pm 0.039^{\circ} \text{F/}^{\circ} \text{F} \\ \pm 0.028^{\circ} \text{C/}^{\circ} \text{C} \\ \pm 0.028^{\circ} \text{C/}^{\circ} \text{C} \\ \pm 0.028^{\circ} \text{C/}^{\circ} \text{C} \\ \pm 0.028^{\circ} \text{F/}^{\circ} \text{F} \\ \pm 0.028^{\circ} \text{C/}^{\circ} \text{C} \\ \pm 0.028^{\circ} \text{C/}^{\circ} \text{C} \\ \pm 0.046^{\circ} \text{C/}^{\circ} \text{C} \\ \pm 0.058^{\circ} \text{C/}^{\circ} \text{C} at < -200^{\circ} \text{C}, \pm 0.043^{\circ} \text{C/}^{\circ} \text{C} at -150^{\circ} \text{C}, \pm 0.04^{\circ} \text{C/}^{\circ} \text{C} \\ \pm 0.058^{\circ} \text{F/}^{\circ} \text{F} at < -328^{\circ} \text{F}, \pm 0.043^{\circ} \text{F/}^{\circ} \text{F} at -238^{\circ} \text{F}, \pm 0.04^{\circ} \text{F/}^{\circ} \text{F} at \\ \pm 0.07^{\circ} \text{C/}^{\circ} \text{C} \text{C} \text{C} \text{C} \text{C} \text{C} \text{C} C$	

## PC RECORDER SOFTWARE

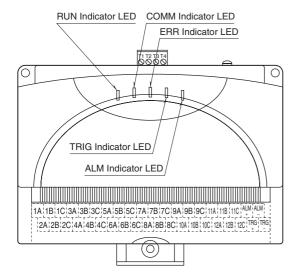
PC Recorder Software Package (model: MSRPAC-2010) is included with purchases of the RZUS modules.

Refer to the MSRPAC-2010 data sheet for the contents of the package and the requirements for the PC to be prepared by the user.

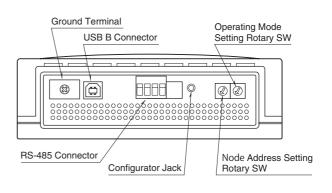
The RZUS is usable with the following programs included in the MSRPAC-2010: MSR128, MSR128LS and MSR-128LV. The MSRPAC-2010 CD includes the driver to interface with these programs and the PC Configurator Software via USB. The PC Configurator Software can be connected either via USB or via Special Configurator Cable.

## **EXTERNAL VIEW**

#### ■ TOP VIEW



#### REAR VIEW



#### ■ INDICATOR LED

**RUN**: Green LED blinks when the internal microprocessor is operating normally. **COMM**: Communication LED. Amber LED turns on when the RZUS is receiving

normal data query frames from Modbus and sending responses out. **ERR**: Error LED. Red LED turns on with internal errors and blinks when the

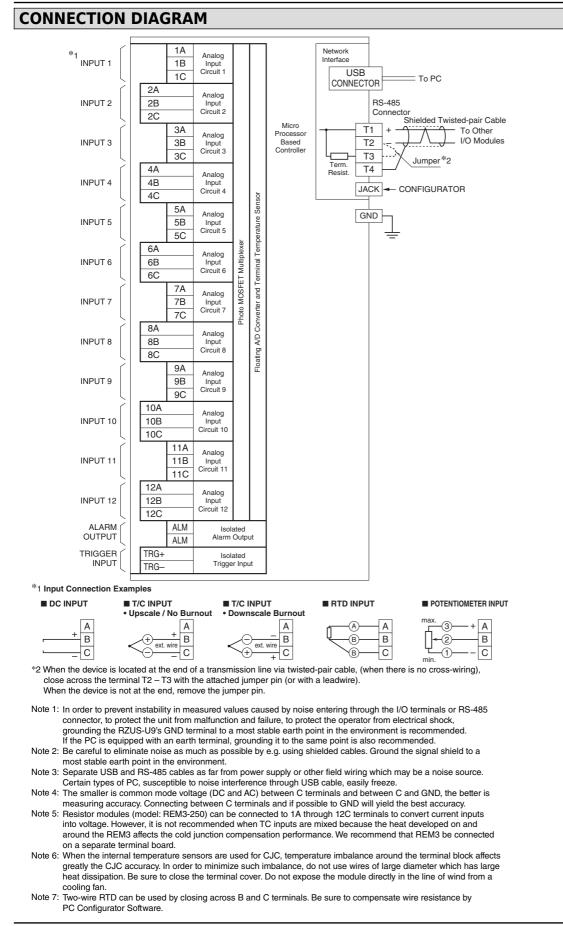
RZUS is receiving abnormal data query frames from Modbus.

**TRG**: Trigger LED. Amber LED turns on when the trigger contact input turns on. **ALM**: Alarm LED. Amber LED turns on when the alarm contact output turns on.

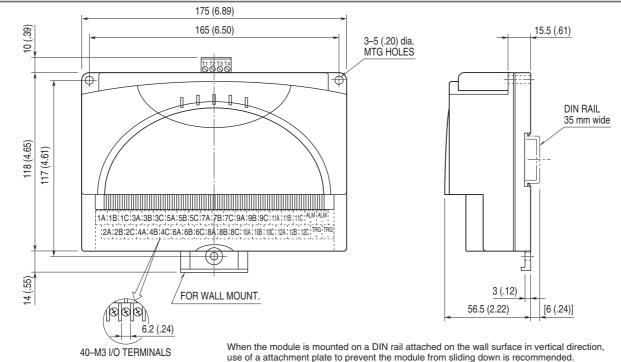
#### USB INTERFACE



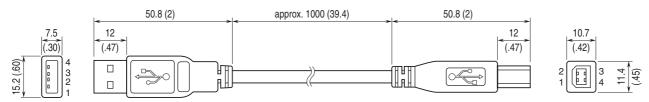
ID	PIN NO.	EXPLANATION OF FUNCTION
VBUS	1	USB Bus Power
D –	2	Differential Signal Line
D +	3	Differential Signal Line
GND	4	Shield



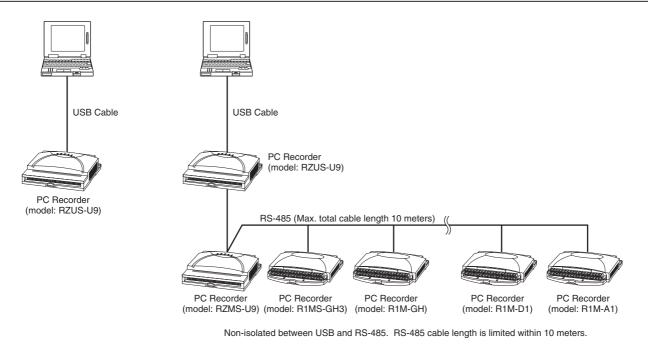
## EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS & TERMINAL ASSIGNMENTS unit: mm [inch]



USB CABLE



## SYSTEM CONFIGURATION EXAMPLES



Specifications are subject to change without notice.